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On the number of invariant conics for the polynomial vector fields defined on quadrics

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Abstract

The quadrics here considered are the nine real quadrics: parabolic cylinder, elliptic cylinder, hyperbolic cylinder, cone, hyperboloid of one sheet, hyperbolic paraboloid, elliptic paraboloid, ellipsoid and hyperboloid of two sheets. Let Q be one of these quadrics. We consider a polynomial vector field $\mathcal{X} = (P, Q, R)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 whose flow leaves Q invariant. If $m_1 = \text{degree } P$, $m_2 = \text{degree } Q$ and $m_3 = \text{degree } R$, we say that $\mathbf{m} = (m_1, m_2, m_3)$ is the degree of \mathcal{X} . In function of these degrees we find a bound for the maximum number of invariant conics of \mathcal{X} that results from the intersection of invariant planes of \mathcal{X} with Q. The conics obtained can be degenerate or not. Since the first six quadrics mentioned are ruled surfaces, the degenerate conics obtained are formed by a point, a double straight line, two parallel straight lines, or two intersecting straight lines; thus for the vector fields defined on these quadrics we get a bound for the maximum number of invariant straight lines contained in invariant planes of \mathcal{X} . In the same way, if the conic is non-degenerate, it can be a parabola, an ellipse or a hyperbola and we provide a bound for the maximum number of invariant non-degenerate conics of the vector field \mathcal{X} depending on each quadric Q and of the degrees m_1, m_2 and m_3 of \mathcal{X} .

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