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Qualitative analysis of the anisotropic Kepler problem

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ABSTRACT. We give a qualitative analysis of the flow of the anisotropic Kepler problem described by the Hamiltonian system:

$$\dot{q} = M^{-1}p$$
,  $\dot{p} = -q/|q|^3$  (1)

where  $(q,p)_{\ \epsilon}$   $(R^2/\{0\})\times R^2$ ,  $M^{-1}=\begin{pmatrix} \mu & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  is the mass matrix and the parameter  $\mu$  belongs to  $[1,\infty)$ . It was introduced by Gutzwiller and later it was studied by Devaney. When  $\mu=1$  it is the Kepler problem (an integrable system) and we show the global orbit structure by taking into account the blow up of the singularities at q=0 and  $||q||=\infty$ . When  $\mu$   $\epsilon$   $(9/8,\infty)$  symbolic dynamic allows us to classify the solutions of (1). In fact, we prove that the dynamic behaviour contains a subshift with an infinite alphabet. The symbols of this alphabet takes into account the symmetries. For each periodic sequence of this subshift we show the existence of a symmetric periodic orbit which realizes it. The transition from  $\mu=1$  (integrable) to  $\mu>9/8$  (chaotic) is such that the chaos does not appear until  $\mu=9/8$ .

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