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## On the Bifurcation of Limit Cycles Due to Polynomial Perturbations of Hamiltonian Centers

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**Abstract.** We study the number of limit cycles bifurcating from the period annulus of a real planar polynomial Hamiltonian ordinary differential system with a center at the origin when it is perturbed in the class of polynomial vector fields of a given degree.

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**Keywords.** Ordinary differential system, polynomial system, planar system, Hamiltonian system, center, limit cycle, Melnikov function.

## 1. Introduction and Statement of the Main Results

In the qualitative theory of real planar polynomial differential systems, one of the main problems is the determination of limit cycles of a given vector field. The notion of limit cycle goes back to Poincaré, see [14–17]. He defined a limit cycle for a vector field in the plane as a periodic orbit of the differential system isolated in the set of all periodic orbits. The first works in determining the number of limit cycles of a given vector field can be traced back to Liénard [11] and Andronov [1]. After these works, the detection of the number of limit cycles of a polynomial differential system, intrinsically related to the so-called 16th Hilbert problem [7–9], has been extensively studied in the mathematical community, see, for instance, the books [3, 19] and the papers [5, 6, 12, 13].

One of the main tools of producing limit cycles is perturbing a system having a center. The notion of center goes back to Poincaré, see [14–17], who defined a center for a vector field on the real plane as a singular point having a neighborhood filled with periodic orbits with the exception of the singular point. If a system has a center, then when we perturb it, we may have a limit cycle that bifurcates in the perturbed system from some of the periodic orbits forming a center. This tool is one of the most effective ways of producing limit cycles, but it requires the knowledge of the first integral of the unperturbed system (the one having a center). It is well known that the determination of first integrals is also a very hard problem. This is why in this paper, we will

