

Seeking Darboux Polynomials

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Abstract We introduce several techniques which allow to simplify the expression of the cofactor of Darboux polynomials of polynomial differential systems in $\mathbb{R}^n$. We apply these techniques to some well-known systems when $n = 2, 3, 4$. We also propose a general method for computing Darboux polynomials in the plane. As an application we prove that a family of potential systems, that includes the van der Pol one, has no Darboux polynomials, giving in particular a new simple proof that the van der Pol limit cycle is not algebraic.

Keywords Planar polynomial differential system · Darboux polynomial · Cofactor · Birational map · Non-algebraic limit cycle

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1 Introduction and Statement of the Main Results

Consider the polynomial autonomous differential system of $\mathbb{R}^n$ of degree $d \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{dt} = P(\mathbf{x}) = (P_1(\mathbf{x}), \dots, P_n(\mathbf{x})), \quad (1.1)$$

where $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$, $P_1, \dots, P_n \in \mathbb{R}[\mathbf{x}]$ are coprime polynomials of degree at most $d = \max\{\deg P_1, \dots, \deg P_n\}$ and $t \in \mathbb{R}$ is the independent variable. We denote by $X(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n P_i(\mathbf{x}) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}$ its associated vector field.

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