

The Co-circular Central Configurations of the 5-Body Problem

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Abstract Chenciner in 2001 asked: *Is the regular n -gon with equal masses the unique central configuration such that all the bodies lie on a circle, and the center of mass coincides with the center of the circle?* This question has a positive answer for $n = 3$. Hampton in 2003 proved that also this question has a positive answer for $n = 4$. Here we provide a positive answer for $n = 5$.

Keywords Central configuration · 5-body problem · Regular n -gon · Co-circular central configuration

Mathematics Subject Classification Primary 70F07 · Secondary 70F15

1 Introduction

The main problem of the classical celestial mechanics is the *n -body problem*; i.e. the description of the motion of n particles of positive masses under their mutual Newtonian gravitational forces. This problem is completely solved only when $n = 2$, and for $n > 2$ there are only few partial results.

Consider the Newtonian n -body problem in the plane \mathbb{R}^2 , i.e.

$$\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_i = \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^n \frac{m_j(\mathbf{r}_j - \mathbf{r}_i)}{r_{ij}^3}, \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, n.$$

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